

SCRIPT-NC

Supporting Change and Reform in Preservice Teaching in North Carolina

Instructional Resources Webinar September 20, 2013 12:00 pm — 1:00 pm

http://scriptnc.fpg.unc.edu





Agenda



Resources for **EDU 144**: Child Development & Learning Birth-36 Months

Questions & Discussion



Resources for **EDU 145**: Child Development II

Questions & Discussion







http://scriptnc.fpg.unc.edu/resource-search





Frank Porter Graham Child Development Institute



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Resources

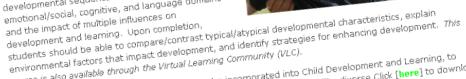
About Us

Child Development and Learning (birth – 36 months): EDU 144

Approved Course Description

EDU 144: Child Development and Learning (birth - 36 months)

This course includes the theories of child development, needs, milestones, and factors that influence development, from conception through approximately 36 months. Emphasis is placed on developmental sequences in physical/motor, emotional/social, cognitive, and language domains and the impact of multiple influences on



course is also available through the Virtual Learning Community (VLC). This Landing Pad provides resources that can be incorporated into Child Development and Learning, to support the inclusion of children that are culturally, linguistically, and ability diverse. Click [here] to download the landing pad resources as a document,

- North Carolina Resources
- > Child Development and Learning (birth 36 months): EDU 144
- > Basics
- Just the Facts Ma'am
- > Read All About It
- > See for Yourself

EDU 144 Landing

Pad





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Home

Resources

About Us

Resources to Support EDU 144: Child Development and Learning (birth - 36 months)

These resources can be used to enhance coursework by incorporating evidence-based and competency-based practices that support the inclusion of children that are culturally, linguistically, and ability diverse.

BASICS

Stayton, V.D., & Miller, P.S. (2009). Typical and atypical development. In P.J. Winton, J.A. AVAILABLE IN McCollum, & C. Catlett (Eds.), Practical approaches to early childhood professional PRINT ONLY development: Evidence, strategies, and resources. Washington, DC: Zero to Three.

Published by Zero to Three, this chapter provides information on typical and atypical development . Additional resources, activities and assignments are available on the accompanying CD.

Drake, A., & Kubetz, D. (2005). The world of children: Developing child observation skills. ORDER HERE Glen Ellyn, IL: College of DuPage.

This DVD contains 10 modules that highlight the importance of child observation and how to effectively observe children. Each module is interactive and includes a practice component.

JUST THE FACTS, MA'AM

(2005). DEC recommended practices: Child focused practices. In S. Sandall, M. L. Hemmeter, B. J. Smith, & M. E. McLean, DEC recommended practices: A comprehensive guide for practical application in early intervention/early childhood special education (pgs. 71-106). Missoula, MT: DEC.

AVAILABLE IN PRINT ONLY

This chapter presents the DEC recommended practices on child-focused practices and provides useful examples for implementation.

Copple, C., & Bredekamp, S. (Eds.) (2009). Developmentally appropriate practice in early AVAILABLE IN childhood programs serving children from birth through age 8. Washington, DC: National PRINT ONLY Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC).

Division for Early Childhood (DEC). (2005). Developmental delay as an eligibility category 🏻 🤁 GET FULL (position statement)





EDU 145: Child Development II

Approved Course Description EDU 145: Child Development II

This course includes the theories of child development, needs, milestones, and factors that influence development, from preschool through middle childhood. Emphasis is placed on developmental sequences in physical/motor, emotional/social, cognitive, and language domains and the impact of multiple influences on development and learning. Upon completion, students should be able to compare/contrast



typical/atypical developmental characteristics, explain environmental factors that impact development, and identify strategies for enhancing development.

This Landing Pad provides resources that can be incorporated into Child Development and Learning, to support the inclusion of children that are culturally, linguistically, and ability diverse. Click [here] to download the landing pad resources as a document.

EDU 145 Landing

Pad





Developmental Milestone Puzzle

	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	5+ years
Large Motor Skills	Jumps in place on floor with 2 feet together	Hops on one foot	Walks up and down stairs, alone alternating feet	Skips using alternate feet
Fine Motor Skills	Strings several large beads on a string	Builds a tower of nine small blocks	Copies a square using a crayon	Prints numerals "1" to "5"
Language Skills	Makes negative statements	Repeats at least one nursery rhyme. Can sing a song.	Tells the content of a story but may confuse facts	Few differences from adults language
Social Skills	Plays house, imitating basic with other domestic children and activity begins to interact with them		Dramatic play is closer to reality, with attention paid to detail, time and space	Plays simple table games such as Candy Land

Developmental Milestone Puzzle

	2-3 years	3-4 years	4-5 years	5+ years
Large Motor Skills				
Fine Motor Skills				
Language Skills				
Social Skills				

True-False Quiz: A great alternative to lecture

Answer each of the following questions about gross motor skills				
Most t	•	an jump in place on the floor with both feet		
Five ye	ear olds often m □ True	naster the art of skipping before they turn		



How Many Concepts?

- What domains of development can you support each time you share this song with a child?
- For what age(s) is this song developmentally appropriate?

Just the Facts, Ma'am

Use developmental domains to organize observations of child development

Approaches to Play and Learning Emotional and Social Development

Health and Physical Development

Language
Development and
Communication

Cognitive Development

Basics for Both Courses

North Carolina
Foundations
for Early Learning and
Development (2013)
will be coming soon!



In the meantime, there's great stuff at

http://www.earlylearning.nc.gov/Foundations/OnlineTrainingTool.asp

Results Matter Video Library

These videos have been produced to help providers better understand ways to use observation, documentation, and assessment to inform practice. You can watch the clips online or download QuickTime versions of the videos for use in educational and professional development activities.



Video Categories (Click on a category below to view a list of videos.)

Early Care and Education

» Early Intervention

Just Being Kids

Clips for Practicing Observation, Documentation and Assessment Skills

(View Only Practice Clips in Spanish)

General Interest

<u>Using Technology for Authentic</u> <u>Assessment</u>

Practices Here and There

iPads In Early Childhood





Resources for EDU 144: Child Development and Learning (Birth – 36 Months)







Just the Facts, Ma'am

POSITION STATEMENT

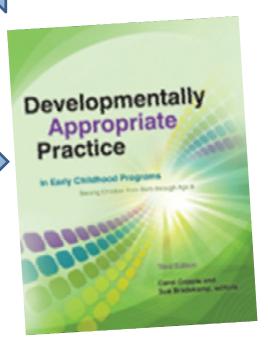
naeyc

Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs Serving Children from Birth through Age 8

NAEYC Position Statement on Developmentally Appropriate Practice

Adopted 2009

Developmentally Appropriate Practice in Early Childhood Programs







Developmental Contexts to Keep in Mind

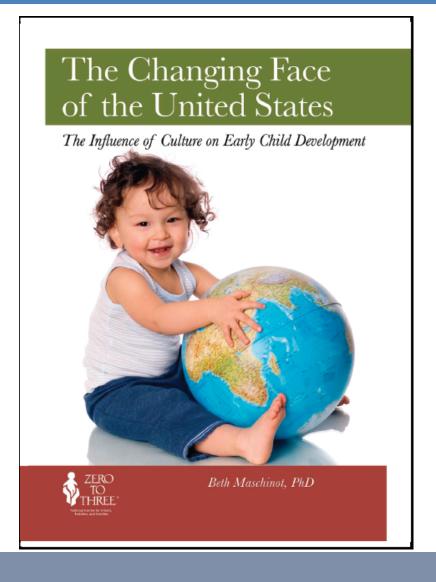






Just the Facts, Ma'am

Research on the many ways in which culture influences development







Read All About It



School Readiness for Infants and Toddlers? Really? Yes, Really!

Sandra Petersen

View Interactive PDF

Download the most recent version of Flash.



Download PDF

Download the most recent version of Adobe Reader.

If it is true that "new discoveries in neuroscience suggest that school readiness interventions might come too late if they start after the child is three years old" (Lally 2010, 1), then the infant/toddler field must claim the concept of school readiness. The brain's foundation for all later learning is created in the first three years of life.

As many researchers, practitioners, and policy makers have defined it, school readiness implies that by the time children enter kindergarten, they have achieved a level of development that makes it likely they will successfully adapt to the challenges of formal schooling (Ladd 2005). School readiness refers to "children possessing the skills, knowledge, and attitudes necessary for success in school and later learning in life" (Head Start 2012, 1). For infants and toddlers, school readiness means supporting and protecting the developing brain in such a way that the brain creates a strong physical foundation for learning. This well constructed organ, the brain, can be curious, pay attention, remember









This video describes some developmental milestones in relation to toys and learning materials of children from birth to 8 months of age. It also lists qualities toys for young infants should possess.

Toddlers and Twos

This video describes some developmental milestones in relation to toys and learning materials of toddlers. It also describes characteristics of toys for toddlers.

Toddler Physical Development

This video discusses the physical development of toddlers.

How Infants Learn & Should Be Taught

This video discusses what infants need in order o be successful

http://www.ecetp.pdp.albany.edu/videolibrary.sht

to make sure they describe how they do some of III the video.















http://www.zerotothree.org/ about-us/fundedprojects/parentingresources/podcast/

Little Kids, Big **Questions** is a series of 12 podcasts that translates the research of early childhood development into parenting practices that mothers, fathers and other caregivers can tailor to the needs of their own child and family. Click here to listen to or download the podcasts. This podcast series is generously funded by MetLife Foundation

Podcast Series

Little Kids, Big Questions

Creating Healthy Connections: Nurturing Brain Development From Birth to Three

Our Families, Ourselves: How Our History Influences How We Raise Our Children

Night-Night...or Not: Talking About Babies, Toddlers, and Sleep

Early Experiences Count: How Emotional Development Unfolds Starting at Birth

Beyond "Use Your Words!": How Babies Begin to Develop Self-Control in the First Three

Turning On or Tuning Out: The Influence of Media on Young Children's Development

Across the Generations: The Role of Grandparents in Young Children's Lives

Feeding the Body and the Mind: Nurturing Healthy Eating Habits from the Start

Daddy, Papi, Papa, or Baba: The Influence of Fathers on Young Children's Development

Shh, Shh, It's Okay: Coping With Crying in Babies and Toddlers

"I Like Me!": Developing Self-Esteem in the Early Years

Sharing the Care: How Partnering with Your Child's Caregiver Supports Healthy Development

ohioline.ag.ohio-state.edu -- your Link to Information, News, and Education



Series





Ages and Stages for Caregivers





Games for Growing
Teaching your baby with
early learning games





NC Resources

NC Division of Child Development and Early Education (NC DCDEE)



The NC Infant-Toddler Program



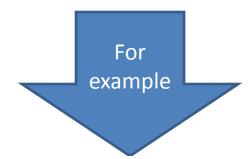




NC Resources



We only have 2,000 days between the time a baby is born and when that child shows for the first day of kindergarten. We are people from across **NORTH CAROLINA** coming together to support the critical early days of a child's life.



Experiences early in life have a lasting impact on later learning.

Today, neuroscientists are able to show that early experiences actually shape the architecture of the brain and strongly affect whether a child grows up to be a healthy, productive member of society.

The graphic below illustrates that much of a young child's brain synapse formation takes place in the first five years of life. Synapses are what connect our brain cells (neurons). They **form a network** in the brain. This network influences intellectual capacity, memory, problem solving and language.





Resources for EDU 145: Child Development II













Read All About It

The Effect of Poverty on Child Development and Educational Outcomes

PATRICE L. ENGLE^a AND MAUREEN M. BLACK^b

^aCalifornia Polytechnic State University, San Luis Obispo, California, USA
^bUniversity of Maryland Baltimore, Baltimore, Maryland, USA

Poverty affects a child's development and educational outcomes beginning in the earliest years of life, both directly and indirectly through mediated, moderated, and transactional processes. School readiness, or the child's ability to use and profit from school, has been recognized as playing a unique role in escape from poverty in the United States and increasingly in developing countries. It is a critical element but needs to be supported by many other components of a poverty-alleviation strategy, such as improved opportunity structures and empowerment of families. The paper reviews evidence from interventions to improve school readiness of children in poverty, both in the United States and in developing countries, and provides recommendations for future research and action.

Key words: poverty; child development; school readiness; educational outcomes; developing countries



When the Bough Breaks: The Effects of Homelessness on Young Children

February 2012

By Marci McCoy-Roth, Bonnie B. Mackintosh and David Murphey

Read All About It

Raising Boys and Girls: Differences in Physical Development

Addressing Achievement Gaps

Positioning Young Black Boys for Educational Success

America is failing its young Black boys. In metropolitan ghettos, rural villages and midsized townships across the country, schools have become holding tanks for populations of Black boys who have a statistically higher probability of walking the corridors of prison than the halls of college. Across America, the problem of Black male achievement seems intractable. We fail our Black sons more than any other racial or ethnic group.

Topics for Reflection and Discussion

How are you explicitly supporting your students to discover the impact that...

- Homelessness
- A different home language
- Gender
- Ethnicity
- Ability differences

...can have on development?







An effective teacher can have a stronger influence on student achievement than poverty, language background, class size, and minority status (the influence of an effective teacher)









Topics for Reflection and Discussion

How are you supporting your students to understand their roles in the development of young children who

- Are from low-income families?
- Learn at different rates and in different ways?
- Are dual language learners?
- Are boys of color?





Videos on language, learning, development, personality, emotion, health, learning, etc.











Empowering Preschool Quality



http://www.uni.edu/coe/regentsctr/epq/search



Stacking Blocks

Geometry and pattern recognition emerge during play with blocks.

Standards:

IELS: 11.2, 11.5, 8.2 **IQPPS:** 2.11, 3.1, 3.12

NAEYC: 2.A.12, 3.A.04, 3.E.04

HSPS: 1304.21 (a)(4)(i), 1304.21 (c)(1)(ii)

HSCOF: Science, - Scientific Skills and Methods, Social and Emotional Development, - Cooperation, - Social Relationships, Approaches to Learning, Initiative and Curiosity, - Engagement and Persistence, - Reasoning and Problem Solving, Physical Health and Development, - Fine Motor Skills



Which One is Missing?

A game that builds memory and reasoning skills.

Standards:

IELS: 11.5, 7.2, 8.3 **IQPPS:** 2.28, 2.8, 2.9

NAEYC: 2.A.08, 2.A.10, 2.G.06

HSPS: 1304.21 (c)(1)(ii), 1304.21 (c)(1)(vi)

HSCOF: Science, - Scientific Skills and Methods, - Scientific Knowledge, Approaches to Learning, - Initiative and Curiosity, - Engagement and

Persistence, - Reasoning and Problem Solving





HEAD START

An Office of the Administration for Children and Families Early Childhood Learning & Knowledge Center (ECLKC)



Children who are Dual Language Learners acquire two or more languages simultaneously, as well as learn a second language while continuing to develop their first language. The term "dual language learners" encompasses other terms frequently used, such as Limited English Proficient (LEP), bilingual, English language learners (ELL), English learners, and children who speak a language other than English (LOTE).

The OHS report will help you learn about dual language learners and their families.

Dual Language Learners and Early Childhood Development

Topics

Assessing DLLs



These strategies and resources help teaching staff appropriately observe, assess, and record learning development in children exposed to two languages. Visit frequently for new

Planning & Literacy Development



This section provides important resources and strategies to help teachers understand curriculum concepts and develop lesson plans that promote positive literacy experiences for DLL children.

Focus on Language Development



Teachers should support DLL children in learning environments that celebrate differences. This section helps teachers articulate the advantages of dual language development, and overcome challenges

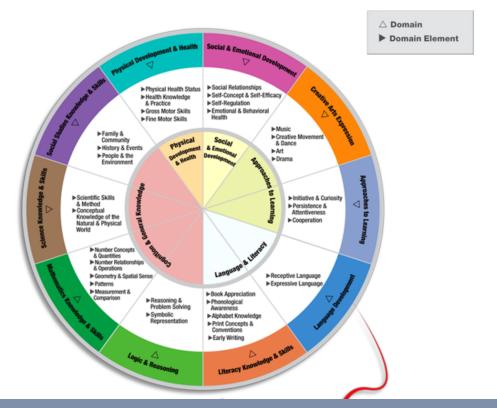






- **▶** School Readiness Goals
- **▶** Core Strategies to Promote School Readiness

Select any domain area to find strategies and resources for each domain element.









Creative Arts Expression



Creative Arts Expression refers to participation in a range of activities that allow such as music, art, creative movement, and drama. The creative arts engage chi arts invite children to listen, observe, discuss, move, solve problems, and imagin self-expression. The creative arts provide ways for young children to learn and u of Creative Arts Expression, programs need to ensure that children who are dual abilities, skills, and knowledge in any language, including their home language.

- ► Strategies to Promote Children's Expression Through Music
- **▶** Domain Element: Music
- Strategies to Promote Children's Expression Through Creative Move
- ► Domain Element: Creative Movement & Dance
- ► Strategies to Promote Children's Expression Through Art
- **▶** Domain Element: Art
- ► Strategies to Promote Children's Expression Through Drama
- **▶** Domain Element: Drama
- ➤ Domain Element: Drama

Strategies to Promote Children's Expression Through Drame

▼ Domain Element: Music

Title of Resource	Type of Resource	Notes
Rhyme Time ૣ [PDF, 62.57KB]	Lesson	This lesson serves as an example of how teachers can observe, interpret, and record children's behaviors during music activity.
Name that Tune 🔼 [PDF, 46.20KB]	Lesson	The lesson is another example of how teachers can observe, interpret, and record children's behaviors during music activity.
Name That TuneHandout 📆 [PDF, 36.04KB]	Handout	This is a sample form for teachers to document assessment data.
A Head Start on Picturing America, Appendix C: Introduction to Art Station Activities & Tips [PDF, 456.27KB]	Guide	Teachers and family service workers can use these hands-on activities to engage parents and children with the Picturing America artworks.
A Head Start on Picturing America, Appendix D: Parent—Child Conversation Starters [PDF, 141.52KB]	Guide	Parents and teachers can use these suggestions to engage children in conversations about the Picturing America artworks.
Linguistically and Culturally Relevant Early Childhood Environments	Article	Teaching teams and other educators can use the guidance in this article to create a culturally inclusive classroom environment.
A Creative Adventure	Video	Teaching teams and parents can use this video to see techniques to support learning, as well as creative expression. The video demonstrates activities that allow children to use their imaginations and experience creative adventures.





NC Resources



North Carolina Foundations: Early Learning Standards for North Carolina Preschoolers and Strategies for Guiding Their Success http://www.earlylearning.nc.gov/Foundations/

North Carolina Standard Course of Study http://www.earlylearning.nc.gov/Kindergarten2Grade3/scos.asp

Foundations-Common Core Alignment http://www.earlylearning.nc.gov/Foundations/commonCoreAlignment.asp

Upcoming Webinars







October 8, 11:30 am - 12:30 pm

Topic: Health, Safety and Nutrition

November 6, 12:00 pm – 1:00 pm

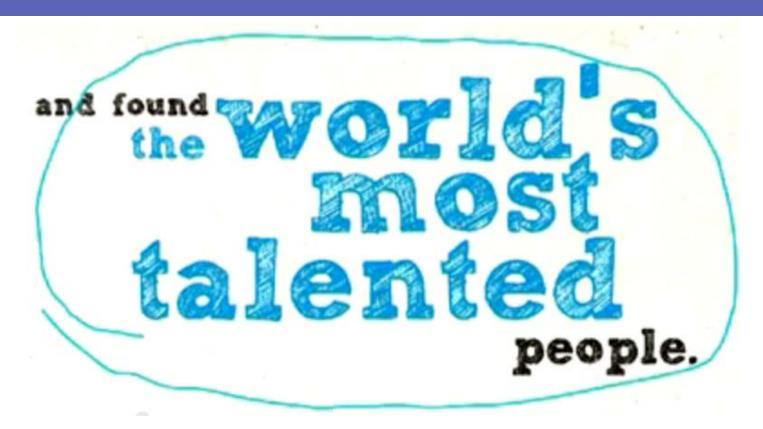
Topic: Creative Activities







BONUS #1: A resource to remind us to be thoughtful about how we measure development



http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VPbjSnZnWP0





BONUS #2: A resource to remind us of how much fun it can be to learn about infant development



http://www.colbertnation.com/the-colbert-report-videos/251996/october-07-2009/alison-gopnik



