

SCRIPT-NC



Supporting Change and Reform in Preservice Teaching in North Carolina

Children with Exceptionalities
July 15, 2014
2:00 pm — 3:00 pm EST

http://scriptnc.fpg.unc.edu







Logistics

Questions? Comments?



USE THE CHAT BOX



Press "*6" to mute or unmute your phone





Who's There?



Type your name and affiliation into chat box





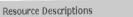
Guest Presenter: Jen Benoit

- Online Adjunct Professor at Vance Granville Community College
- Online course developer and instructor at various colleges
- Licensed in NC Elementary
 Education and Special Education
- Two siblings with special needs and son with sensory issues









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Resources for Faculty

Course-Specific Landing Pads

Locate course-specific resources to enhance coursework by incorporating evidence-based and competency-based practices that support the inclusion of children that are culturally, ethnically, and ability diverse.



Landing **Pads**





EDU 280 Language and Literacy EDU 221 Children with Exceptionalities

EDU 144 Child Development and Learning (Birth to 36 months)







EDU 145: Child Development II

EDU 146: Social-Emotional Development/Child Guidance

EDU 131: Child, Family, and Community







EDU 119: Introduction to Early Childhood



EDU 151: Creative Activities

http://scriptnc.fpg.unc.edu/resource-search





HILD DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE

Landing Page: EDU 221 Children with Exceptionalities

Approved Course Description

This course introduces children with exceptionalities, their families, support services, inclusive/diverse settings, and educational/family plans based on the foundations of child development. Emphasis is placed on the characteristics of exceptionalities, observation and assessment of children, strategies for adapting the learning environment, and identification of community resources. Upon completion, students should be able to recognize diverse abilities, describe the



Children with Exceptionalities Landing Pad

referral process, and depict collaboration with families/professionals to plan/implement, and promote best practice.

This Landing Pad provides resources that can be incorporated into Child Development and Learning, to support the inclusion of children that are culturally, linguistically, and ability diverse. Click [here] to download the landing pad resources as a document.



Handouts

Resources and Activities in My Toolbox



nesources and Activities in my rootsox				
Topic	Slide #	Toolbox Resource Used	Toolbox Example	
Typical/		Website	<u>Disability Simulation Forum</u>	
Atypical Development		http://www.pbs.org/wgbh /misunderstoodminds/	Often teachers struggle with how to understand how different needs or abilities impact learning. It can be very helpful for to understand what children with differing abilities are experiencing.	
			You will find the link to the website Misunderstood Minds in the forum section (to the left on this sheet) for this week. You will then choose two of the simulations there to learn what a child with visual, auditory, decoding, or memory issues may experience.	
			Visual Activity - Reading with Distractions (use link in Forum Assignment section)	
			Auditory Activity – Listening to Directions (use link in Forum Assignment section)	
			Decoding Activity – (use link in Forum Assignment section)	
			Memory Activity- (use link in Forum Assignment section).	
			Then, choose one of the exercises below to experience loss of vision or hearing.	
			Vision Activity: Blindfold yourself for a short period of time (not while you are driving a car or operating heavy machinery) and try to do the things you always do.	
			Hearing Activity: Wear a pair of ear plugs for a while, maybe as you take a walk around the mall or interact with your children at home.	
			Then answer the following questions:	
			Post #1: Answer the following questions in the first post.	
			Describe your three experiences and your reaction to them to your classmates giving details about how you felt and what was a struggle or not.	
			Think of one of the activities you did. Then research a modification within the classroom that can be used for a child with that diverse ability. Choose a website, article, or YouTube video.	
			Then, explain how your modification is could be beneficial to a children and why you chose that modification. Be sure to explain the modification and cite at least one quote from the resource.	
			Post #2: Read all the posts in the class and then respond to the first post of a classmate who has not yet received a reply if you can. If not, post to the person with the least responses.	
			Respond to the person's idea by: Noting the similarities and differences about your experiences Giving your thought about the modification idea after visiting the resource Asking 1 further question about the modification Explain one situation where you might use the modification in an early childhood classroom	
			Post #3: Reply to someone who has responded to you with a "thank you" and give an explanation of how his or her message was helpful and answer the given question.	
			You should address all four points in your post and make sure you use spell check before posting.	
			Make sure you checkyour spelling and use professional language.	

4	EDU 221 Children with Exceptionalities
Just The Facts, Mar.Am	Child Care and the Americans with Disabilities Act ADA http://www.wrightslow.com/advoc/articles/child.care.pdf DCC recommended practices in early intervention/early childhood special education2014 http://dec.membershipsoftware.org/files/DEC%20RPs%206%2025%202014%20finel1.pdf Developmental Delay as an Eligibility Category http://dec.membershipsoftware.org/files/Position%20Statement%20and%20Papers/Delay%20Concept%20Paper.pdf Early Childhood Inclusion: A Joint Position Statement of the Division for Early Childhood (DEC) and the National Association for the Education of Young Children (NAEYC) http://npdci.fpg.unc.edu/resources/articles/Early_Childhood_Inclusion Evidence-Based Practices for Children, Youth, and Young Adults with Autism Spectrum Disorder http://autismpdc.fpg.unc.edu/content/evidence-based-practices Guiding Principles and Practices for the Delivery of Family-Centered Services http://educateiowa.gov/index.php?option=com_docman&task=doc_download&gid=1960 The Importance of Early Intervention for Infants and Toddlers with Disabilities and their Families http://www.nectac.org/~pdfs/pubs/importanceofearlyintervention.pdf The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) http://ectaenter.org/idea/idea.asp Parallels in Time (history of developmental disabilities) http://www.mnddc.org/parallels/index.html People First Language http://www.disabilityisnatural.com/explore/pfl Promoting Positive Outcomes for Children with Disabilities: Recommendations for Curriculum, Assessment, and Program Evaluation (DEC Position Statement) http://dec.membershipsoftware.org/files/Position%20Statement%20and%20Papers/Prmtg_Pos_Outcomes_Comp anion_Paper.pdf Research Synthesis Points on Early Childhood Inclusion http://npdci.fpg.unc.edu/sites/npdci.fpg.unc.edu/files/resources/NPDG-ResearchSynthesisPoints-10-2009_0.pdf
Read All About It	Barriers and Solutions in Involving Culturally and Linguistically Diverse Families in the IFSP/IEP Process http://organizations.bloomu.edu/connect/Spring%202011/Barriers%20Solutions.pdf Collaborative Steps: Paving the Way to Kindergarten for Young Children with Disabilities http://journal.naeyc.org/btj/200503/04fenlon.pdf How Inclusion is Benefitting One Child Without Disabilities: Dillon's Story http://ici.umn.edu/products/impact/221/9.html Impact (articles on early childhood education and children with disabilities) http://ici.umn.edu/products/impact/221/1 Including Children with Special Needs: Are You and Your Program Ready? http://www.naeyc.org/files/sycffile/200903/BTJWatson.pdf Kacmarek, L. (2006). Supporting families of children with disabilities in inclusive programs. http://www.naeyc.org/files/sycffile/200903/BTJWatson.pdf Kingsley, E. P. (n.d.). Welcome to Holland http://home.vicnet.net.au/~dakit/disaware/handout10.htm Maude, S. P., & Dempsey, J. L. (2009). Improving relationships between families and practitioners during the early years. Impact, 22(1), 4-5. http://ici.umn.edu/products/impact/221/3.html Natural Environments: A Letter From a Mother to Friends, Families, and Professionals http://yec.sagepub.com/content/5/3/21.full.pdf+html Partnering with Families of Children with Special Needs http://www.naeyc.org/files/yc/file/200909/families/0fChildrenWithSpecialNeeds0909.pdf Supporting Families of Children with Disabilities in Inclusive Programs. http://www.naeyc.org/files/yc/file/200601/KaczmarekBT.pdf What is the difference between an IFSP and an IEPP http://www.paecr.org/parent/php/PHP-c59.pdf





Context for this Course

- Typical-atypical development
- History, policies and trends in supporting the learning and development of children of diverse abilities
- Characteristics of exceptionalities
- Appropriate assessment, including ongoing observation, data collection, and analysis
- Developing and implementing Individualized Education Programs (IEP) and Individualized Family Support Plans (IFSP)
- Collaborating with families and communities
- Adapting environments and curricula





Shifts in Conceptualizing this Course

Emphasis on specific disabilities and syndromes



Emphasis on children with exceptionalities in relation to:

- Family-centered practices
- Inclusion
- Evidence-based practices
- Cultural & linguistic diversity

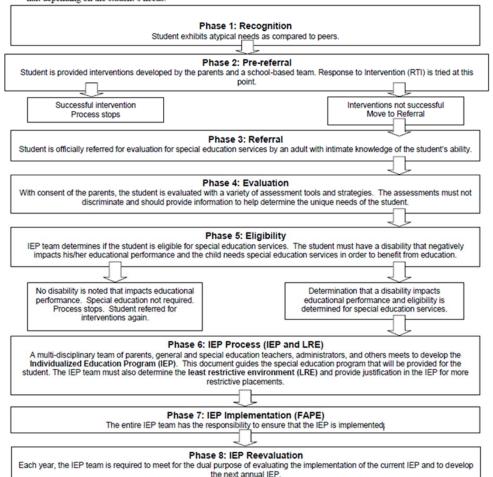




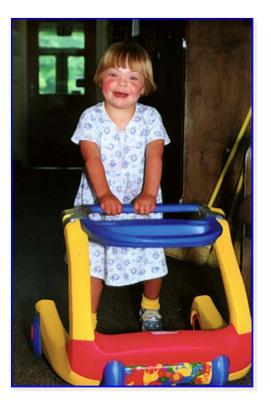


The IEP Process Flowchart

This flow chart illustrates the IEP referral process. Start at the top and follow the arrows downward to guide you through the different phases in the process from when it is recognized that a student may need additional assistance and continue through all the possible steps. It should be noted that there are areas on the flow chart where the process can halt depending on the student's needs.



The IFSP-IEP-504 Process



Family-Centered







Inclusion







Before Building the Course...

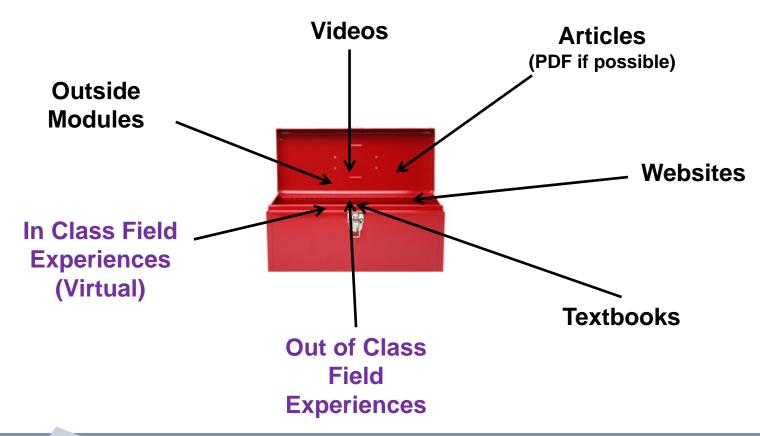


- Think of your students and their future experiences
- Move away from course pieces that need specific training
- Leave room for other courses
- Have someone in the field look over the course
- Ask yourself, "Do the activities support acquisition of knowledge, application of knowledge, or both?"
- Consider scaffolding assignments





First Steps in Building an Online Course Develop Your Resource Toolbox







Consider the Outcome What Do You Want the Student to Know?

How to research exceptionalities and appropriate practices?

Knowledge of a variety of evidencebased practices?

Application of practices with benefit to both a child and entire class?



Common diversities and diagnoses at this age level?

The LAW and their role in the law?

How to support and interact with family members?

How to identify and work with a team?







The IEP Process Flowchart

This flow chart illustrates the IEP referral process. Start at the top and follow the arrows downward to guide you through the different phases in the process from when it is recognized that a student may need additional assistance and continue through all the possible steps. It should be noted that there are areas on the flow chart where the process can halt depending on the student's needs.

Phase 1: Recognition Student exhibits atypical needs as compared to peers. Phase 2: Pre-referral Student is provided interventions developed by the parents and a school-based team. Response to Intervention (RTI) is tried at this Successful intervention Interventions not successful Move to Referral Process stops Phase 3: Referral Student is officially referred for evaluation for special education services by an adult with intimate knowledge of the student's ability. Phase 4: Evaluation With consent of the parents, the student is evaluated with a variety of assessment tools and strategies. The assessments must not discriminate and should provide information to help determine the unique needs of the student. Phase 5: Eligibility IEP team determines if the student is eligible for special education services. The student must have a disability that negatively impacts his/her educational performance and the child needs special education services in order to benefit from education. No disability is noted that impacts educational Determination that a disability impacts performance. Special education not required. educational performance and eligibility is Process stops. Student referred for determined for special education services. interventions again. Phase 6: IEP Process (IEP and LRE) A multi-disciplinary team of parents, general and special education teachers, administrators, and others meets to develop the Individualized Education Program (IEP). This document guides the special education program that will be provided for the student. The IEP team must also determine the least restrictive environment (LRE) and provide justification in the IEP for more restrictive placements. Phase 7: IEP Implementation (FAPE) The entire IEP team has the responsibility to ensure that the IEP is implemented, Phase 8: IEP Reevaluation

Each year, the IEP team is required to meet for the dual purpose of evaluating the implementation of the current IEP and to develop the next annual IEP.

Disability Simulation Forum

Textbook Assignment

Sensory Integration Forum

Researching the Early Childhood Special Education Process Forum

Who Are The Specialists? Forum

CONNECT Module 1: Embedded Interventions

Creating Social
Narratives Assignment

Working with Families Assignment

Construction Tip: Assignments



When Creating Assignments...

- Eliminate confusion for student <u>and</u> instructor be specific, clear, and gradable
- Lessen questions about assignment
- Is it acquisition or application?
- Create successful situation encouraging student confidence
- Make it memorable resources and reflection

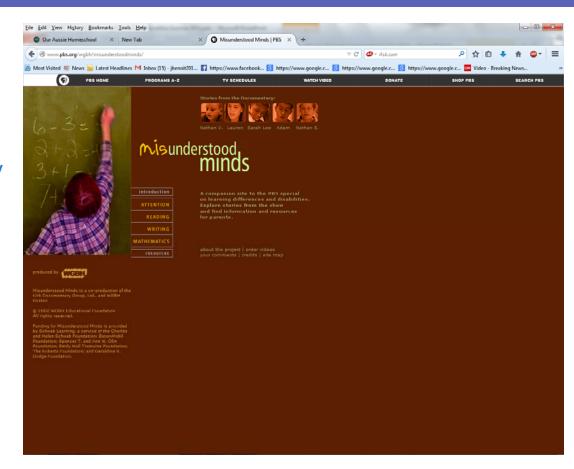




Typical/Atypical Development Website Resource

Disability Simulation Forum

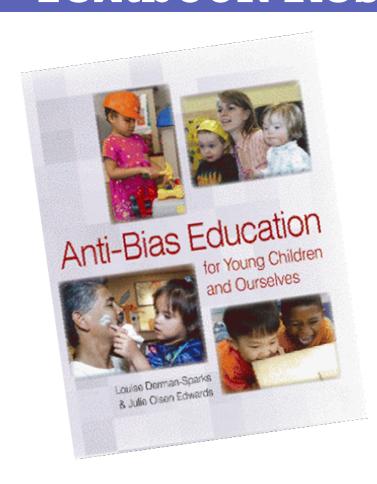
http://www.pbs.org/wgbh/misunderstoodminds/







Learning About Diverse Abilities Textbook Resource



Learning About Diverse Abilities and Fairness Assignment

Read

Reflect

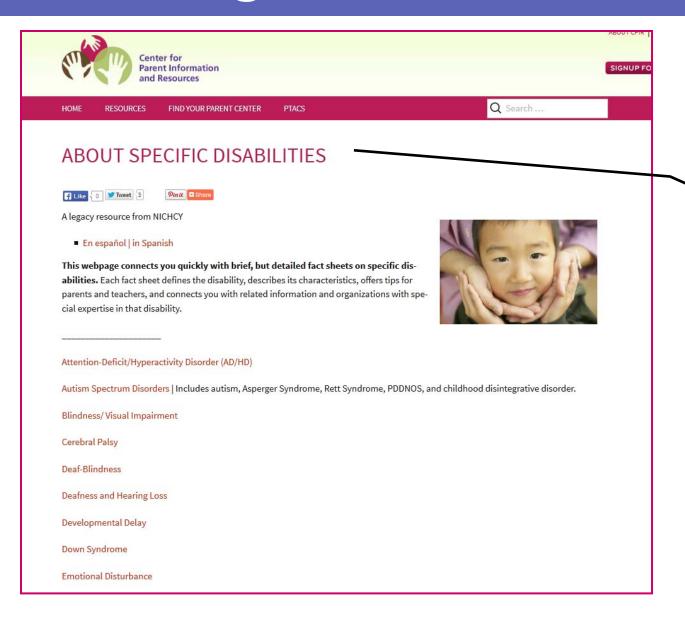
Report (citing)

Respond (application)





Learning About Diverse Abilities



Find It Online page 4

Construction Tip: Forums



When Creating Forum Assignments...

- Be specific in first post AND posts to peers
- Ask them to find resources and share

- Use Jigsaw approach
- Have them cite when reading article/text OR watching video





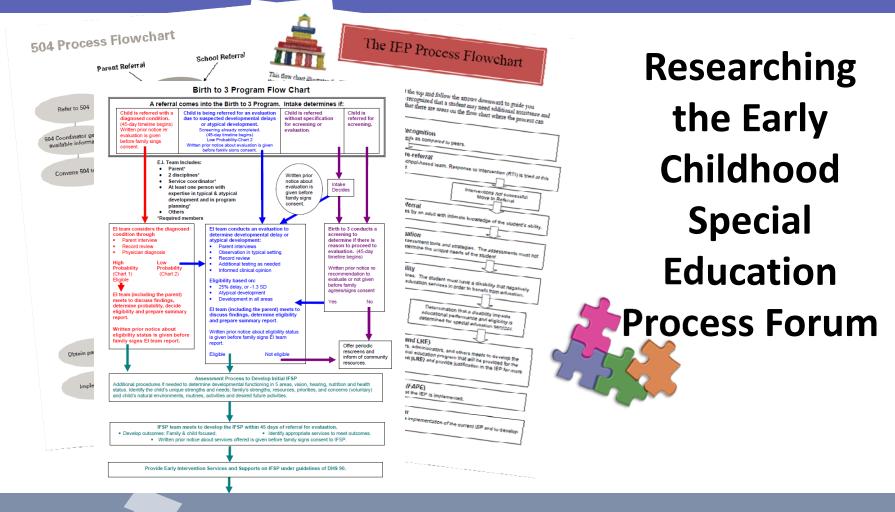
Learning About Specific Abilities Video and Article







The Early Childhood Special Education Process Article Resource







Evaluation and Assessment Website, Video and Article Resources

Who Are the Specialists?











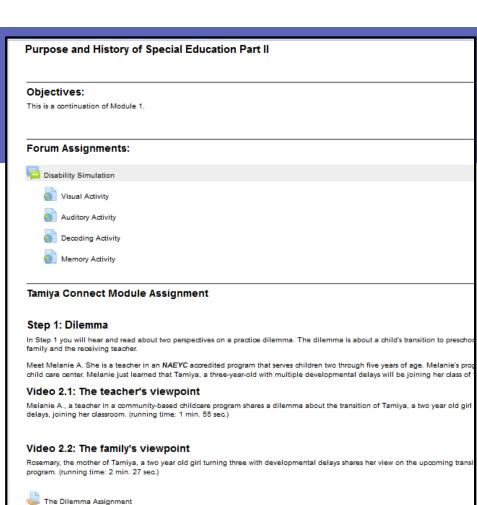
Classroom Implementation Outside Modules

Connect Module 1 Embedded Interventions





Connect Module 1 **Embedded Interventions**







Connect Videos 2.1 and 2.2

Assignments:



Case Study 75-77

Quiz:



Chapter 3 Quiz

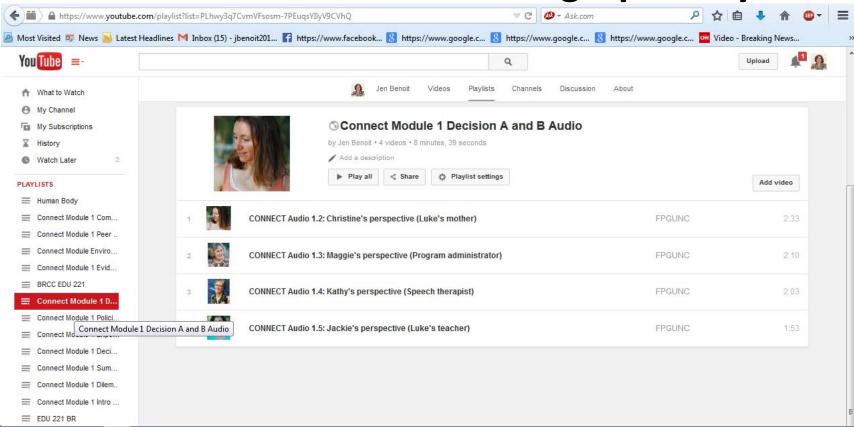








Connect Module 1 – Setting Up a Playlist







Construction Tip: Playlist



Connect Module 1 – Setting Up a Playlist

- Need a YouTube account
- Find FPG YouTube account
- Decide the order of your assignments/pieces of module
- Divide videos up by week, making playlist for each







Ongoing Monitoring and Supports Outside Module Resource

National Professional Development Center on Autism Spectrum Disorders

Module: Social Narratives

Steps for Implementation: Social Narratives

These steps for implementation were adapted from

Wragge, A. (2008). Social narratives: Online training module. (Lincoln, NE: Nebraska Department of Education). In Ohio Center for Autism and Low Incidence (OCALI), Autism Internet Modules, www.autismintemstondules, org. Columbus, OH: OCALI.

When planning for and implementing social narratives with children and youth with ASD, the following steps are recommended.

Step 1. Identifying the Social Situation for the Intervention

- 1. Teachers/practitioners refer to IEP or IFSP for learner's goals.
- Teachers/practitioners discuss goals with IFSP/IEP team members, including family and learner.
- Teachers/practitioners select a social behavior for change, preferably one that will result in positive social interactions, a safer environment, additional social learning opportunities, or all three

The first step in creating a social narrative is for teachers/practitioners to select a social behavior for change. Additional information from the learner, his/her family, and/or educational team may be helpful in identifying a target for change as well.

Step 2. Defining the Target Behavior or Skill

 Teachers/practitioners clearly define the target behavior or skill so that it is observable and measurable.

Once the social situation has been identified, it is important for teachers/practitioners to clearly define the target behavior or skill so that it is observable and measurable. For example, "Bill will interact appropriately," is less easy to identify than "Bill will greet others by saving, 'Hello,' waving, or giving a high-five." Cleary defined target behaviors make it easier to teach the skills and to collect data on the skills. Even more important, it will be easier for the student to learn the expected behavior or skill.

Step 3. Collecting Baseline Data

- Teachers/practitioners determine the type of data (e.g., permanent product, assessment) needed to assess the target skill.
- Teachers/practitioners collect data on at least three occasions over three to five days to identify the baseline skills of the learner before beginning the intervention.

Social Narratives Module National Professional Development Center on ASD 10/31/2008 Page 1 of 4

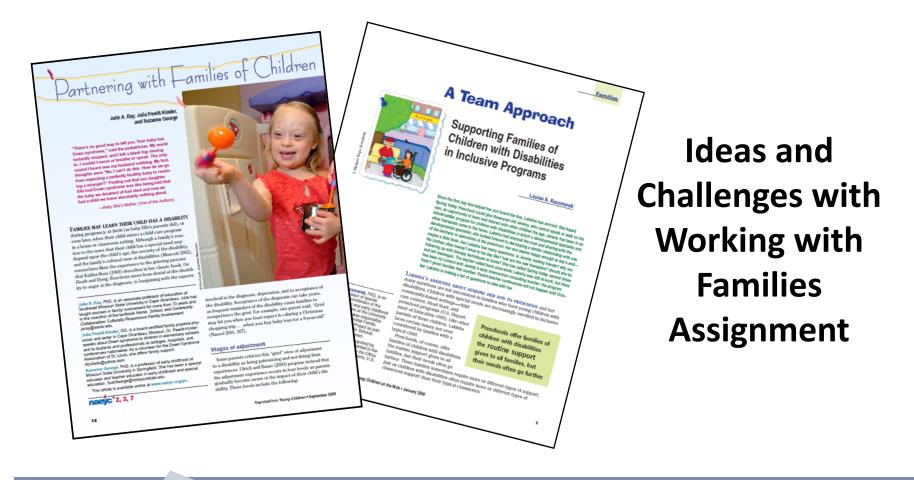
Creating Social Narratives Assignment







Collaborating with Families and Communities Articles Resource







Construction Tip: Videos



When Considering Videos...



Look For...

- Length
- Quality
- Author



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Landing **Pads**

Resources for Faculty

Course-Specific Landing Pads

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EDU 144 Child Development and Learning (Birth to 36 months)









EDU 145: Child Development II

EDU 146: Social-Emotional Development/Child Guidance

EDU 131: Child, Family, and Community









EDU 119: Introduction to Early

EDU 151: Creative Activities

http://scriptnc.fpg.unc.edu/resource-search





DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE

Guest Presenter: Jen Benoit

Contact Information

jbenoit2934@vgcc.edu







Upcoming Webinars





August 20, 2:00- 3:30 pm EST

Language & Literacy Experiences

(With an emphasis on organizing and delivering this course content online)

Guest Presenter: Jen Benoit, Vance-Granville Community College, NC

September 16, 2:00- 3:30 pm EST

Creative Activities

(With an extensive emphasis on supporting diverse adult learners to be successful in online courses)

Guest Presenter: Sharon Little, South Piedmont Community College, NC





Upcoming Webinars (cont'd)





October 15, 2:00- 3:00 pm EST.

Early Childhood Practicum

November 18, 2:00- 3:00 pm EST.

Educational Technology

December 2, 2:00- 3:00 pm EST.

Child Guidance

(Note: Re-scheduled from May 15)











